

According to Safe Work Australia

1. IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Name: SHEETROCK® Brand DIAMOND VENEER FINISH

Other Means of Identification: Mixture

Other Name: Formulated product containing Plaster of Paris (Calcium Sulfate Hemihydrate) (CaSO4•1/2H2O)

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use: Construction Plaster - Building industry

Details of Manufacturer or Importer:

USG Boral Building Products Pty Limited (ACN 004 231 976)

251 Salmon Street

Port Melbourne VIC 3207

Phone Number: 03 9214 2138

Emergency telephone number: National Poison Information Centre: 13 11 26

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Nature:

Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.

Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)



Skin Corr. 1B H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.



Acute Tox. 4 H332 Harmful if inhaled.

Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Precautionary Statements

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

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3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Characterization: Mixtures

Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:		
39455-23-3	Hydrated lime (CaMg(OH)4) ♦ Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; ♦ Acute Tox. 4, H332	<40%
1317-65-3	Limestone	<15%

Additional information:

The weight percent for silica represents total quartz and not the respirable fraction.

Limestone or dolomite - <15%

When mixed with water, this material hardens and becomes very hot sometimes quickly. DO NOT attempt to make a cast enclosing any part of the body using this material. Failure to follow these instructions can cause severe burns that may require surgical removal of affected tissue or amputation of limb.

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove to fresh air. Seek immediate medical attention in case of chemical burns.

Skin Contact:

In case of skin contact wash affected areas with water and soap. Hand lotion may be used to treat dry skin areas. Seek immediate medical attention in case of chemical burns.

Eye Contact:

In case of eye contact, rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Seek immediate medical attention in case of chemical burns.

Ingestion:

If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek immediate medical attention in case of chemical burns.

Symptoms Caused by Exposure:

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of dusts may irritate the nose, throat, lungs, and upper respiratory tract causing coughing, sneezing, nasal irritation and labored breathing. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

Skin Contact: Dust can be corrosive to skin. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

Eye Contact: Dust can be corrosive to eyes causing burning, redness, itching and pain. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

Ingestion: Dust can be corrosive if swallowed. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media:

Water spray or some other extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:

Not expected to burn.

Above 1450° C - decomposes to calcium oxide (CaO) and sulfur dioxide (SO2).

Above 800° C – limestone may decompose to calcium oxide (CaO) and carbon dioxide (CO2).

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:

When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

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6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:

Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe dust. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions:

In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Collect the spilled material and place into containers for salvage or disposal. If vacuum is used to collect dust, use an industrial vacuum cleaner with a high efficiency air filter. If sweeping is necessary, use dust suppressant. Do not use compressed air for clean up. Minimize dust generation. Ensure adequate ventilation. If washed down, may plug drains. If already mixed with water, contain if possible and neutralize with dilute acid, scrape up and place in container.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Exposure to high dust levels may cause chemical burns. Prevent dust generation and accumulation. Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use. Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store in a cool, dry, ventilated area. Keep in original container tightly closed when not in use. Protect from heat and moisture. As a dry powder, dew point conditions or other conditions causing presence of liquid will harden plaster of paris during storage.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Standards:

Quartz glass (inert)

NES 0.1 mg/m³ respirable dust

Engineering Controls:

Provide ventilation sufficient to control airborne dust levels. If user operations generate airborne dust, use ventilation to keep dust concentrations below permissible exposure limits. Where general ventilation is inadequate, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control dust levels below permissible exposure limits.

Respiratory Protection:

Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Class P1 (particulate) respirator. At high dust levels, wear a powered air purifying respirator (PAPR) with Class P3 (Particulate) filter or an air-line respirator or a full-face Class P3 (particulate) respirator. See Australian/New Zealand Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

Skin Protection:

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Leather/pigskin, neoprene or nitrile gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information.

When selecting hand protection, the product should comply with relevant performance criteria. For example, gloves should meet a suitable level of abrasion resistance to provide protection against hazards of a

Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

Eve and Face Protection:

Eve and face protectors for protection against dust. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance:

Form: Solid/ Powder Colour: White to off-white Odour: Low to no odor Odour Threshold: Not determined.

pH-Value at 25 °C: ~7-8.5 0°C Melting point/Melting range: Initial Boiling Point/Boiling Range: 100 °C

Flash Point: Not determined Flammability: Non flammable Auto-ignition Temperature: Not determined 1450 °C

Decomposition Temperature:

Explosion Limits:

Not determined. Lower: Upper: Not determined. Vapour Pressure: Not applicable. Density: Not determined.

Relative Density: ~2.96 (Plaster of Paris), ~2.3 (Lime)

Vapour Density: Not applicable. **Evaporation Rate:** Not applicable

Solubility in Water: 0.15 - 0.40 (Plaster of Paris)

Not applicable Viscosity:

% Volatiles by Weight: VOC: 0 g/L

10 . STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.

Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat and moisture.

Incompatible Materials:

Acids and water. Exposure to water and acids must be supervised because the reactions are vigorous and produce large amounts of heat.

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Above 1450° C - decomposes to calcium oxide (CaO) and sulfur dioxide (SO2).

Above 800° C – limestone may decompose to calcium oxide (CaO) and carbon dioxide (CO2).

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11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

LD₅₀/LC₅₀ Values Relevant for Classification: No information available

Acute Health Effects

Inhalation:

Harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of dusts may irritate the nose, throat, lungs, and upper respiratory tract causing coughing, sneezing, nasal irritation and labored breathing. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

Skin: Dust can be corrosive to skin. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

Eye:

Dust can be corrosive to eyes causing burning, redness, itching and pain. Contact can cause severe chemical

Ingestion: Dust can be corrosive if swallowed. Contact can cause severe chemical burns.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Causes skin irritation.

Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Carcinogenicity:

Silica dust, crystalline, in the form of quartz or cristobalite is classified by IARC as a Group 1 - Carcinogenic to humans

Reproductive Toxicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:

Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic Health Effects:

Exposures to respirable crystalline silica are not expected during the normal use of this product; however, actual levels must be determined by workplace hygiene testing. The weight percent of respirable crystalline silica may not have been measured in this product.

Prolonged and repeated exposure to airborne free respirable crystalline silica can result in lung disease (i.e., silicosis) and/or lung cancer. The development of silicosis may increase the risks of additional health effects. Smoking in combination with silica exposures increases the risk of cancer. The risk of developing silicosis is dependent upon the exposure intensity and duration.

Direct, prolonged or repeated contact with the skin may cause dermatitis.

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure:

Pre-existing upper respiratory and lung diseases such as, but not limited to, bronchitis, emphysema and asthma. Pre-existing skin diseases such as, but not limited to, rashes and dermatitis.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity: This product has no known adverse effect on ecology.

Aquatic toxicity: Hydrated lime is expected to be toxic to fish due to its high alkalinity.

Persistence and Degradability: No further relevant information available.

Bioaccumulative Potential: No further relevant information available.

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Mobility in Soil: No further relevant information available.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods and Containers:

Never discharge directly into sewers or surface waters.

Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:

Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number Not applicable
Proper Shipping Name Not applicable
Dangerous Goods Class Not applicable
Packing Group: Not applicable

Marine pollutant: No

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:		
1317-65-3	Limestone	
26499-65-0	Plaster of Paris (Calcium sulfate)	
39455-23-3	Hydrated lime (CaMg(OH)4)	
14808-60-7	Quartz (SiO2)	
13397-24-5	Gypsum (Calcium sulfate)	
16389-88-1	dolomite	

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:

Not Scheduled.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 11.08.2015

Prepared by: MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd www.msds.com.au

Abbreviations and acronyms:

GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

VOC: Volatile Organic Compounds LC₅o: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD₅₀: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TWA: Time Weighted Average

NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Disclaimer

This SDS is prepared in accord with the Safe Work Australia document "Code of Practice for the Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - December 2011"

The information contained in this material safety data sheet is provided in good faith and is believed to be accurate at the date of issuance. USG Boral Building Products Pty Limited makes no representation of the accuracy or comprehensiveness of the information and to the full extent allowed by law excludes all liability for

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